BULLETIN



11 October 2022

Consumer Sentiment remains deeply pessimistic

- Consumer Sentiment falls 0.9% to 83.7, near historic lows.
- RBA's smaller than expected 25bp rate rise averted a much bigger fall.
- Sentiment amongst those surveyed post-RBA up 14.7% vs pre-RBA.
- Confidence in jobs tumbled 11.7% but is still relatively upbeat.
- 'Time to buy a dwelling' index down 6.5% but remains in a six-month range
- House Price Expectations were also very sensitive to the RBA decision but appear range bound at around 100, for now

The Westpac Melbourne Institute Index of Consumer Sentiment fell by 0.9% from 84.4 in September to 83.7 in October.

The Index remains in deeply pessimistic territory at a level comparable to the lows briefly reached during the pandemic and the extended weakness experienced during the Global Financial Crisis. The key drags on confidence continue to come from a surge in the cost of living, rising interest rates, and concerns about the near- term outlook for the economy.

Notably, the detail suggests the October result could have been significantly worse if the Reserve Bank had chosen to raise the cash rate by 50bps instead of the 25bp it delivered at its October Board meeting. Markets and the media had conditioned households to expect yet another 50bp move in October, following four consecutive 50bp increases in June, July, August, and September.

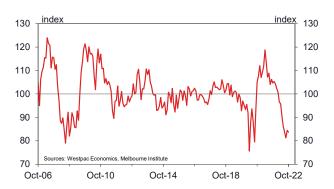
The survey of 1200 respondents has been conducted over the four days from October 3 to October 6. The Reserve Bank's cash rate decision was announced at 2:30 pm on October 4. The interviews are typically conducted in the evening. There were 476 interviews on October 3, which are counted as "pre-RBA" with the remaining 724 counted as "post RBA".

Sentiment amongst those sampled before the RBA decision showed a depressing 77.4 index read, down 8.3% from the print in September. If this had been the overall result for the month it would have been the second weakest since the early 1990s recession, the only weaker read in recent times being when the pandemic shock hit in April 2020.

Clearly, respondents were extremely concerned heading into another prospective 50bp increase in the cash rate.

Sentiment was considerably better amongst those surveyed after the RBA's smaller than expected move, with an index read of 88.7, up 14.6% compared to those surveyed on the Monday and 5% above sentiment in September.

Consumer Sentiment Index



To be clear, the official number for the full sample period which is reported for October, 83.7, covers both the pre and post interest rate announcement periods.

The post-RBA 'relief rebound' in the October survey is unlikely to be repeated in future months. The Reserve Bank is still widely expected to continue raising the cash rate. We expect four more consecutive 25bp rate hikes at the November, December, February and March meetings (there is no meeting in January).

While each step from here may not be as large, the higher starting point for rates means the pressure on household finances will become more intense.

There is unlikely to be much near-term respite on the cost of living. We expect inflation, which is currently printing at 6.1%, to lift to 7.6% by year's end.

The index components showed limited movements for the overall survey.

Assessments of family finances were largely unchanged. The 'family finances vs a year ago' sub-index up 1.1%, but to a still very weak level of 69.3, and the 'family finances, next 12 months' sub-index was down 0.4%.

Attitudes towards major household purchases, which have shown a sensitivity to rising prices and interest rates, lifted modestly. The 'time to buy a major household item' sub-index was up 1.6%. A print of 85.4 is still extremely weak for this sub-index which has a long run average of 126.

Views on the economic outlook were notably softer in October. The 'economic outlook, next 12 months' sub-index recorded the biggest decline for the month, down 4.2%, and the 'economic outlook, next five years' sub-index also dropped 2.1%. Some of this likely reflects rising concerns in the media and official circles that Australia and other developed economies may be headed for recession.

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All component indexes showed big reversals pre and post the RBA decision.

The most striking improvement was around assessments of 'family finances vs a year ago' which swung from a confronting 62.7 pre-RBA (down 9.5% vs September) to 74.5 post decision, an 18.8% jump to a level 8.6% above the September read.

The surprise slowdown in the pace of RBA tightening had little impact on consumer expectations for a continued rise in interest rates. Most still anticipate significant increases. Amongst those surveyed after the RBA decision, 54% expect rates to increase by 1ppt or more over the next year, comparable with the 57% share in the September survey.

There was a surprising deterioration in the outlook for the labour market. The Westpac-Melbourne Institute Unemployment Expectations Index increased by 11.7% from 99.6 to 111.3 (recall that a higher index means more consumers expect unemployment to rise in the year ahead). While this is a sharp deterioration, the Index is coming from a near record low in September and it is far too early to call a sustained deterioration in confidence in the labour market.

Conditions in the housing market remain lacklustre. The 'time to buy a dwelling' index fell by 6.4% to 75.3. This Index has been in the 75-80 range since March this year. The October fall took it to the lower end of the range and 43% below the most recent peak in November 2020.

The decision by the RBA had a very significant impact on the outlook for house prices.

The Westpac Melbourne Institute Index of House Price Expectations printed 85.9 in the "pre- RBA" sample. The "post RBA" sample printed 109.3 - a staggering 27% reversal.

The print for the overall sample is 99.0 - a modest 1.5% fall from the September print.

After tumbling by 38% between February and August the overall Index has been steady at around that 100 level for the past three months - meaning consumers are evenly divided on whether prices will rise or fall over the year ahead.

The stability in this Index is encouraging for the housing market given that in the February – May 2019 period, in response to the consistent house price falls between October 2017 and June 2019, particularly in Sydney and Melbourne, the Index averaged only 89.5.

One ominous sign is that the lowly February-May 2019 average print is still well above the "pre-RBA" print from this survey.

State indexes were mixed in the month, both NSW (-5.8%) and Victoria (-7.9%) gave back some September gains.

Queensland surged 15% after a weak read in September. That fall was possibly related to concerns around potential changes to state government land tax rules that have since been abandoned. While quite volatile, the state indexes have also tracked within stable ranges in recent months.

The Reserve Bank Board next meets on November 1. It is very likely to increase the cash rate by a further 25bps. But this time markets and the media will be anticipating the decision and there will be no 'surprise factor' to support confidence.

Instead, what may become clearer is that the tightening cycle still has significantly further to run. That is likely to keep the Consumer Sentiment Index firmly in deeply pessimistic territory in coming months.

Certainly, the 54% of consumers currently bracing themselves for a further 1ppt rise in interest rates are unlikely to have much cause for optimism

Bill Evans, Chief Economist, ph (61-2) 8254 8531

Consumer Sentiment - October 2022							
Item	avg*	Oct 2020	Oct 2021	Sep 2022	Oct 2022	%mth	%yr
Consumer Sentiment Index	101.3	105.0	104.6	84.4	83.7	-0.9	-20.0
Family finances vs a year ago Family finances next 12mths Economic conditions next 12mths	89.1 107.3 91.0	92.9 110.8 94.0	92.3 109.7 103.2	68.6 92.3 83.2	69.3 92.0 79.7	1.1 -0.4 -4.2	-24.9 -16.2 -22.7
Economic conditions next 5yrs Time to buy a major household item	92.0 126.0	113.8 113.7	108.1 109.9	94.5 83.7	92.5 85.1	-2.1 1.6	-14.4 -22.6
Time to buy a dwelling	117.4	122.2	83.3	80.5	75.3	-6.4	-9.6
Unemployment Expectations Index	129.3	119.4	107.1	99.6	111.3	11.7	3.9
House Price Expectations Index	124.8	117.3	156.3	100.6	99.0	-1.5	-36.6
Interest Rate Expectations Index	147.6	n.a.	n.a.	185.0	186.2	0.6	n.a.

Source: Westpac-Melbourne Institute.

The survey is conducted by OZINFO & DYNATA. Respondents are selected at random. This latest survey is based on 1200 adults aged 18 years and over, across Australia. It was conducted in the week from 3 October to 6 October 2022. The data have been weighted to reflect Australia's population distribution. Copyright at all times remains with the Melbourne Institute of Applied Economic and Social Research.

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^{*}avg over full history of the survey, all indexes except 'time to buy a dwelling', 'unemployment expectations' and 'house price expectations' are seasonally adjusted

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